

\$60,000 FORGERY ARREST AT THE WALDORF

POLICE INSPECTORS FACE "FIGHT" CHARGES

WEATHER—Fair to-night; rain Sunday.

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FINAL EDITION

The



World

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BOSTON BROKER ARRESTED AT WALDORF ON A CHARGE OF FORGERIES FOR \$60,000

R. S. Brown Said to Have Used Name of Nephew of Ex-Gov. Draper.

WOMAN LOST \$10,000.

Specific Charge Against Youthful "Real Money" Promoter; \$5,000 Bad Paper.

R. S. Brown, a youthful Boston broker and promoter, thirty-one years old, was arrested at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel this afternoon by Central Office detectives William Browne and David Brown on the receipt of a request from Inspector Wolf of the Boston police, acting under the direction of Deputy Superintendent Watts of that city. He was charged with being a fugitive from justice.

Though the only transaction mentioned in the message of the Boston police is the forgery of an endorsement on a check for \$10,000, disbursements from Boston state bank the complaint says at Brown there sum up to \$50,000 worth of forgeries.

In most of the cases Brown is accused of forging the name of George Otis Draper, a nephew of former Gov. Eben S. Draper of Massachusetts and son of former Ambassador to Italy William H. Draper.

There are also Boston rumors that a prominent woman there is a loser of \$10,000 by Brown's transactions. When the New York detectives went to the hotel to look for Brown they learned that he had the highest standing there and occupied a suite of three rooms.

He entertained lavishly and was regarded as distinctly a "real money" man as distinguished from the type of "easy" and "potentially" promoters which the Waldorf, like other hotels, is always trying to persuade to leave and elsewhere else.

Draper's name from Boston reports that his associates there were said as a command of the respect.

The detective's message had the usual courtesy of taking the note to the side walk before formally placing him under arrest.

The specific complaint against Brown is that he forged George O. Draper's name as an endorsement on a note of the Southern Maine Steamship Company, now defunct, on September 1, 1910.

Brown was the treasurer of the steamship company and the note was made to the firm of R. S. Brown & Co., of which the arrested man is the senior partner. With other notes induced for Draper's name this one fell into the hands of Charles H. Vorse, a Boston notebroker, who discovered them.

WAGONS ATTACKED, MOB INJURES TWO STRIKEBREAKERS

Bricks Showered on Armed Drivers and Guards of Adams Express Co.

1,500 THREATEN TIE-UP.

Union Calls Out Men in Jersey City and Manhattan and Freight Is Refused.

Violence started in the express strike this afternoon when the Adams Express Company sent a train of ten wagons downtown in charge of forty armed strikebreakers from the yards at Second and Fifty-sixth street. Encouraged by the shouts of men and women from tenement windows, strike sympathizers who had merely jeered at the first wagons, assaulted the second with showers of bricks. Two strikebreakers were seriously hurt.

Albert Rowland of No. 531 Fifth street, was hit by a brick and knocked into the body of the wagon he was driving. The other three men rushed their horses and took Rowland to St. Adams warehouse, at Forty-second and Madison avenue, where he was attended by a company surgeon.

Another strikebreaker whose name was not learned, jumped from his wagon and ran into a storehouse near the barns. He was beaten by a crowd of men, who left him unconscious on the floor.

The entire stable and driving forces of the Adams Express Company in Jersey City and Greater New York—1,500 men in all—strike today, demanding immediate recognition of their union.

The company and the officers of the union declare they are prepared for a long, bitter conflict. Howard Brizis, the secretary-treasurer of what is known as the Adams and Manhattan Express Drivers' Local No. 47, threatened after the strike had been called that unless the Adams Express company conceded to the union's demand for a general strike of all the drivers and helpers of the other express companies would be called.

A general strike might be called before the close of the day, said Brizis. Officers of the Adams Company said that such threats would have no force with them and that they were prepared for a final fight. At the main office of the company this official statement was made:

"It is now a question whether the drivers are to run the Adams Express Company or whether the company is to run its own business."

Rejecting Much Freight. The Adams Express Company, a few minutes after the walk-out, set a corps of electricians at work and across the office of General Agent McKay wires were strung. Extra telephone and telegraph operators were hired. The telegraph men were kept busy sending orders to agents all over the country, warning them that the company could not handle perishable goods in New York and also giving notice that all other freight must be received subject to delay.

The Church street freight house began after noon, particularly those bringing meats and fruits, were turned away. One detail of policemen was necessary to keep in line wagons the loads of which the company rejected. The Jersey City drivers and helpers struck at 4 o'clock, and 150 reserves were immediately called out from the various Jersey City precincts. Half an hour later 400 drivers who had assembled at the Forty-eighth street and Madison avenue, Manhattan, stables, struck, and a force of twenty-five reserves were sent there from the East Fifty-first street station. Delegates were rushed from the headquarters of the union to all the other stables and soon the police received

HUNDRED RESCUED FROM FLAMES BY WORK OF HEROES

Women Carried Down Scaling Ladders in Hot Fire in Hat Factory.

BOYS' QUICK WIT AIDS.

Run Frail Bridge Across Air-shaft and Many Crawl Over It to Safety.

Scaling ladders and an improvised bridge that teetered athwart a ten-foot span six stories above ground saved about one hundred men and women who were menaced by fire this afternoon in the seven-story left building at Nos. 128-130 Greene street.

All of the women in the building were taken out safely, and only one man was burned, and he not seriously. Pan of Alcohol Ignited.

The fire started on the fifth floor of the building in the spending room of the Venus Hat Manufacturing Company, of which Adolf Greenman is proprietor. A pan of alcohol that was used for sponge-filling suddenly exploded and scattered fire all about the room. The partitions blazed up like fire trees, and before the fifty men and women in the left building could find their senses they were running about madly through the smoke.

Half the employees of the Venus Hat Company managed to reach the stairway and get down before the flames burst out in the hall and cut off both the elevator and the stairway. The remainder rushed upstairs and joined the panic-stricken employees of the Nelson & Siegel Company on the sixth floor and the Acme Hat Company on the seventh floor.

Fire Escape Cut Off. The fire started in the rear of the building and let down into a narrow alley. Smoke poured out of the fire escape windows and no attempt was made to use them. Adjoining the burning structure is a four-story construction hotel and left building on the northeast corner of Houston and Greene street.

The burning building is an L of an eight-story structure that fronts at No. 38 Houston street. The rescues were made from the roof of the four-story building and from a window of the "L" of the eight-story building.

When the firemen got up to the roof of the four-story building the sixth and seventh story windows of the burning building were filled with a screaming mob of men and women. The scaling ladders were thrown up with all possible dispatch and the firemen brought down all the panic-stricken people they could reach.

A group of about thirty, however, were cut off from these windows and stood huddled at the windows looking out over a ten-foot span to the rear of the L of the eighth-story window. Fire was raging behind them and smoke was pouring out over their heads.

Cross Over Frail Bridge. Many of them would certainly have been burned to death had it not been for the presence of mind of two boys, Nathan Stein of No. 25 West street and Louis Margolies of No. 23 Division street. Stein is an elevator boy and Margolies is an errand boy.

When they looked out through the windows of their building and saw the plight of the screaming men and women in the burning building they seized a long cutting table and ran it out across the narrow span.

The windows of the two buildings are not on the same level and the long table sloped down in a steep incline. After the fire-injured men had secured an end of it and tried to climb up to safety they could get no farther than the smooth surface and slipped back again and again. The fire was so close by that time that it almost singed them.

Young Margolies suddenly had a clever inspiration and tore down a long belt from some machinery attached to the ceiling. He threw this down to the girls to use it in climbing up.

POLICE OFFICIALS UNDER CHARGES IN BOXING GAME

Three Inspectors and Four Captains Accused of Laxity in Permitting Contests.

WAR ON FIGHT CLUBS.

Titus, Daly and Kelly Among Those Who Must Go Before Commissioner.

In what appears to be a police war on the boxing game seven high police officials were today made defendants in charges preferred against them by Chief Inspector Max Schmiltberger. The charges came after Capt. McNally of the West Forty-seventh street station had applied to Magistrate O'Connor, sitting in the West Side Court, for summonses for Pat Moore, Sammy Smith, Thomas O'Rourke, Patrick Havel and Joseph Dun, charging them with violating the penal code's provisions by bringing off the Moore-Smith fight at the National Sporting Club last night. The Magistrate set the hearing of the cases for Monday.

The police charges immediately followed the application for the arrests of the principals and managers of the National Club. Inspector George X. Titus was charged with permitting the National Club to hold contests, Capt. George W. McCluskey was charged with permitting the Long Acre Club to operate, Capt. Cornelius G. Hayes had alleged laxity at Brown's Gymnasium as his trouble. Inspector John Daly was charged with the doing at the Long Acre Club and Inspector Thomas Kelly for similar charges for permitting the boxers to perform in Queens. Two Brooklyn captains, once inspectors, were made defendants also. They are Capt. John Flood and James Hurley.

Fight Clubs Felt Secure. All of the officers are charged with neglect of duty and disobedience of orders contained in Circular Order No. 67, issued Sept. 13, 1907. This order followed an opinion from former Corporation Counsel Pendleton, which was attached to it, that the police officers violated the Penal Code, and that officers should apply for warrants for principals when they suspected that the law was about to be violated, and for principals, promoters, aiders and abettors after such violations had taken place.

It is understood that the high police officials came as a result of a letter from former Gov. Hughes in which he called attention to the contests and directed that they be stopped. The entire correspondence and orders came as the result of a discussion of the affairs of the Palisades Athletic Club.

The complaint against the high police officials came as a shock to the athletic and police worlds. There had been no trouble between the city duns and the police of late, and the promoters and officers apparently did not expect any. All of the officers all had been on trial at one.

The two principals, the manager, referee and timekeeper of the bout last night owe their coat experience to the fact that Capt. McNally was a spectator at the bout, for the Magistrate threw out of consideration all of the newspaper clippings that had been placed before him to prove that the law had been violated.

As an incident of the proceedings, the Magistrate put the police officer in a peer case by developing that, while he was asked for the arrests of the men at the bout, the captain made no effort to stop what he officially called a violation of the law while it was in progress under his own eyes.

Tried to Get Warrants. For some time the officer in command of the West Forty-seventh street station has come to court after each bout in his district and asked for warrants. In each case the Court has thrown out the request upon the ground that newspaper clippings did not constitute evidence and that no proper showing had been made to the Court. Magistrate Butto severely criticized Capt. McNally's procedure for asking for such processes. Magistrate Herman took a similar course. Today Magistrate O'Connor asked why Capt. McNally wanted the men brought to court.

"Because I have a letter from the Corporation Counsel, saying that these lights are in violation of the Penal Code," answered the policeman.

The Captain wanted the newspaper men who reported the fight and again five others summoned to tell about the case. After the Court had declined to

CALVE CONFESSES SHE'S GASPARI'S BRIDE OF A YEAR

Prima Donna and Florentine Tenor Sail on New Lap of World Honeymoon.

HAS BEEN A "HUGE JOKE"

Always Travelled Singly to Fool Public—Will Sing Here Together Next Year.

The mystery that has cloaked the relations of Mme. Emma Calve and Alnor Gaspari, the Florentine tenor, was cleared up today when they sailed on the American liner St. Paul, admitting that they had been man and wife for a year. They were married in Marseilles, France, last March, but kept their union a secret save from their most intimate friends.

All sorts of rumors and scandals followed them on their honeymoon tour of the world, but they maintained an unbroken silence. Even upon sailing today they were entered on the passenger list as Emma Calve and Alnor Gaspari, no mention being made of their relations as man and wife.

Lived Separately Here. Mr. and Mrs. Gaspari have been in New York a week. Upon their arrival here they went to the Hotel Plaza where they registered separately and were provided with separate suites. They spent most of their time away from the hotel and at the home of Jessie Berna Baskerville, the Metropolitan Opera House coach.

Mrs. Baskerville purchased the steamship tickets for the honeymooning couple yesterday and at their request had their names entered separately on the passenger list. They did not board the St. Paul until almost the last minute. Then the bride hurried to her stateroom and looked herself in. Gaspari stood guard of the door.

When approached by an Evening World reporter he laughed and said: "Well, what have you come to learn?"

"I would like to interview Calve about her marriage," said the reporter. "Impossible," cried Gaspari. "She will see no one."

Both to Sing Here Next Year. Gaspari is a tall, fine looking man of about thirty-five. He has a great bushy head of hair, which he combs back from the forehead. He has the dark eyes and heavy drooping eyebrows. He has never sung in this country, but has a big reputation abroad. It is expected that both he and Calve will sing at the Metropolitan Opera House next season.

Calve and Gaspari were married in a little out of the way chapel in the city of Marseilles. Only two intimate friends witnessed the ceremony and they were bound to secrecy. The bride couple did not return to Paris, but went for a few days to the beautiful villa that Calve has built at Montpelier in the southern part of France. Then they sailed for Marseilles for the Orient shortly after their marriage. They are arrived at San Francisco about two weeks ago.

"Huge Joke" to Fool Public. Throughout the long honeymoon journey they have considered at hotels and been entered on the passenger lists of steamships as individuals. Everywhere they stopped they had separate apartments. They have persistently dodged interviewers and when captured posed the reports that they were married. They have enjoyed all this, they said, as a huge joke.

It was their original intention to return from San Francisco to the Orient and get back to France via the trans-Siberian Railroad. Important business affairs drew them to New York. They will do at once to their country home in Montpelier upon their arrival in France, and their effort to keep up the appearance of being single all when they return from the St. Paul at Southampton.

Bowman Accepts Presidency. CHADWICK RAPHER, Jr., March 11.—James H. Thompson, president of the State Board of Education today received the letter of acceptance by John A. Bowman of New York of the presidency of the State University.

consider the newspaper clippings, the Captain was asked: "What chance do you have?" "Admits He Was There. "I was there myself," answered the captain. "The astonished Magistrate gazed critically at the officer and repeated: "Yes," said the captain. "Any other policeman present?" "No, they would not sell them tickets, but they let me in because they thought that I might preserve order if occasion demanded."

MME. EMMA CALVE, WHO CONFESSES SHE'S BRIDE OF A YEAR



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BREWERY SHAKEN BY EXPLOSION OF AN AMMONIA PIPE

Employees Flee for Lives as Choking Fumes Permeate the Big Plant.

An ammonia pipe in the refrigerating plant of Hevart's Brewery at No. 11 East One Hundred and Thirty-fourth street burst today with a concussion that broke nearly every window in the immense structure and shook buildings for blocks around.

There was no one in the compartment in which the explosion occurred and all the employees of the brewery escaped serious injury. A few were slightly cut by broken glass.

The bursting of the pipe released an overpowering odor of ammonia which speedily permeated the entire brewery and sent the employees fleeing for their lives to the open air. The engineer managed to shut off the ammonia flow after a few minutes, but some time elapsed before it was safe to enter the part of the plant where the explosion occurred.

As soon as the excitement died down the brewery management sent for glaziers to replace the window glass. The damage done will be covered by the expenditure of about \$400.

HAREM SKIRT GIRL HALTED BY POLICE OF DES MOINES.

Vaudeville Actress Makes a Street Hit When Warned of Arrest.

DES MOINES, Ia., March 11.—A vaudeville actress was driven off the streets by police this morning when she appeared in a "harem" skirt. A crowd of several hundred people followed her as she made her way through the sleeping district, till Captain Frowack of the Des Moines police broke through the crowd with two policemen at his heels and said: "Miss, if you don't go home, we'll have to arrest you for—"

He for a moment hesitated and then wound up with: "Well, we'll have to arrest you anyway, though I don't know what the charge would be." The girl called an automobile and drove away.

MEXICO'S BIG ARMY COMES TO THE BORDER TO FACE U. S. TROOPS

Diaz Government Declares Martial Law All Over Republic, and Will Mobilize Forces on South Side of the Rio Grande.

TAFT TO SEND NEW ARMY, A WASHINGTON RUMOR

Limantour Denies That Japan Is Interfering, and Declares Revolution Is Financed in United States.

Martial law all over Mexico was declared by the Diaz Government. Civil trials of those accused of the destruction of railroads, electric light plants, telegraph lines and of raking plantations will cease. Instead of the ordinary procedure, summary military action will be taken in these cases. This will result in the assembling of larger bodies of troops in the States of Chihuahua and Coahuila, and the Mexican army will face our soldiers across the Rio Grande.

PAPKE KNOCKS OUT RUGGED DAVE SMITH IN SEVEN ROUNDS

American Boxer Turns the Tables on "Phenom" Who Won First Battle.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., March 11.—Billy Papke, the American middleweight, knocked out Dave Smith, the Australian middleweight champion, in the seventh round today. Last month Papke lost to Smith on a foul in the tenth round.

The news that the Australian had won from Papke in their last fight caused a sensation in the little world of Sydney. Smith, who was known as "Phenom," had won from Papke in the seventh round last month. The latter is said to weigh 135 pounds.

SENATE BARBER GOES.

ALBANY, March 11.—Robert Kuhns, the Capitol barber, must go. Kuhns lays claim to the distinction of having shaved a President, seven governors and innumerable State officers, Senators and Assemblymen during his period of occupancy of the shop back of the senate chamber which he has had rent free for nearly a score of years.

A change of administration in the State Department of public buildings is given as the reason for the change. A Democrat will get the shop.

MADERO, WOUNDED, TAKEN TO EL PASO.

EL PASO, Tex., March 11.—A former captain of the Mexican army, who deserted to Madero and was in the fight at Chihuahua, arrived here this afternoon and declared he brought Madero with him to El Paso. He says Madero is badly wounded and at the home of a friend in this city, that the insurgents "met their Waterloo" at Chihuahua and that 200 of them were killed and twice that number of Federals killed. Madero's hiding place will be kept a close secret to prevent his arrest, the captain said. The captain's report does not coincide with the earlier statement of the junta leaders.

REBELS GET AID IN UNITED STATES, SAYS LIMANTOUR.

The following statement was issued today by Jose Y. Limantour, Mexican Minister of Finance, who is at the Hotel Plaza:

"To make use of a familiar American expression, no news is good news. I can scarcely say, however, that there is no news overnight. The despatches in the morning papers from Mexico City show that the attitude of the United States Government in this matter is very well defined and understood by the officials of each Government. I sincerely hope that very soon there will be an equally thorough understanding on the part of the people in Mexico and of the United States.

"As I set forth in my statement yesterday my Government could not consider intervention for a moment. I think the United States has no idea of intervening and there has been nothing of an authoritative character to indicate that intervention has been contemplated by any other foreign power having interests in Mexico.

Wants Smuggling Stopped. "Naturally my country desires that the United States shall prevent the inroads of smugglers in northwestern Mexico from smuggling arms, ammunition and other supplies from this side of the border. That is what the United States troops propose to do according to all trustworthy information. It now only remains for them to accomplish the task which I have every reason to believe will be within their power. "In view of the sudden and unexpected announcement by the United States of its proposed mobilization of troops in the southwest, it is not at all strange that there should have been considerable excitement and some apprehension both in Mexico and in the United States. It is to be greatly regretted that numerous sensational and unwarranted state-

(Continued on Second Page.)